



Features:

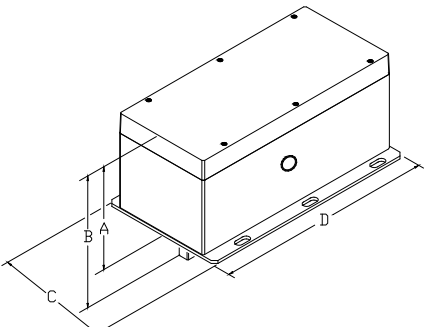
- Up to 4000 in.lb [450Nm].
- Clutch for manual adjustments.
- Maintenance free.
- Control signal fully programmable.
- Fail safe (battery backup) (on model 110 & 130).
- Auxiliary switches (on model 120 & 130).
- IP56 enclosure.

UM100
UM120
UM110
UM130
WM100
WM120
WM110
WM130

Technical Data	UM100	UM120	UM110	UM130	WM100	WM120	WM110	WM130
Auxiliary switches	No	Yes (2)	No	Yes (2)	No	Yes (2)	No	Yes (2)
Fail safe	No		Yes		No		Yes	
Torque	2500 in.lb. [280 Nm] at rated voltage				4000 in.lb. [450 Nm] at rated voltage			
Running time through 90°	4 min.				8 min.			
Feedback	4 to 20 mA or 2 to 10 VDC adjustable							
Power consumption	40 VA							
Power supply	28 to 32 VDC or 22 to 26 VAC, 110 to 130 VAC 50/60Hz							
Electrical connection	18 AWG [0.8 mm ²] minimum							
Inlet bushing	3 inlet bushing of 7/8 in [22.2 mm]							
Control signal	Analog or Digital or PWM programmable (factory set with Analog control signal)							
Angle of rotation	0 to 110 degrees, electronically adjustable (factory set with 110° stroke)							
Direction of rotation	Reversible, Clockwise (CW) or Counterclockwise (CCW) (factory set with CW direction)							
Ambient temperature	0°F to +122°F [-18° C to +50° C]							
Storage temperature	-22°F to +122°F [-30° C to +50° C]							
Relative Humidity	5 to 95 % non condensing.							
Weight	29 lbs. [13 kg]							

Warning: Do not press the clutch when actuator is powered

Dimensions



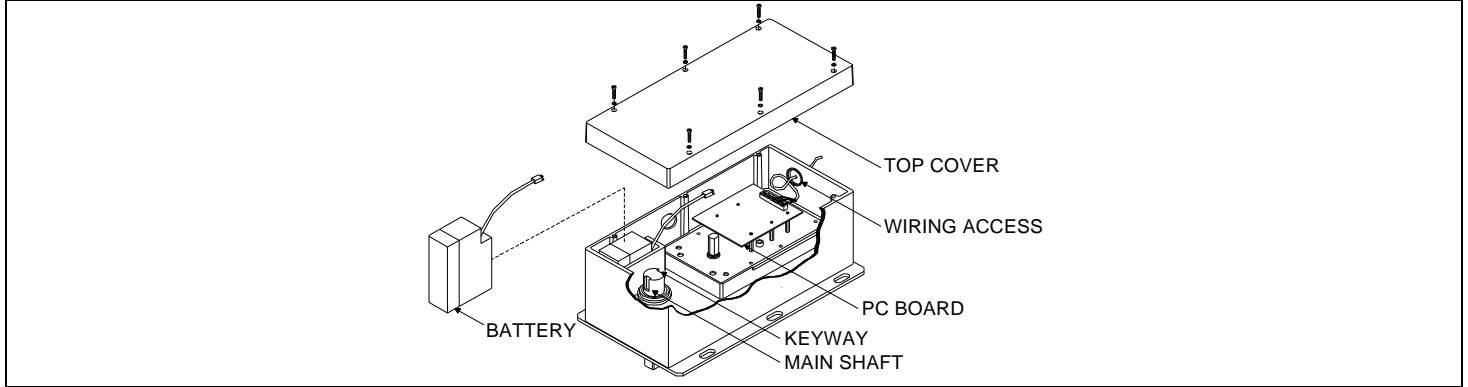
Dimension	Inches	Metric (mm)
A	6.75	169.4
B	7.95	201.9
C	7.85	199.4
D	14.45	367.0

Caution

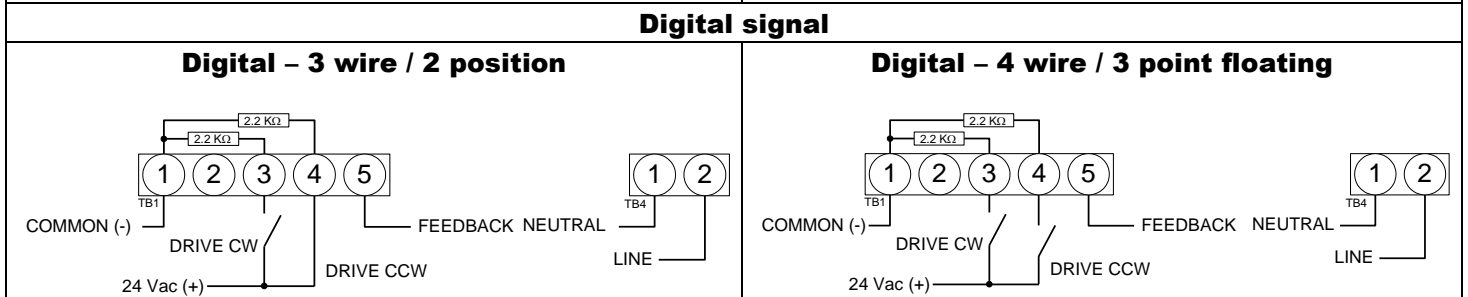
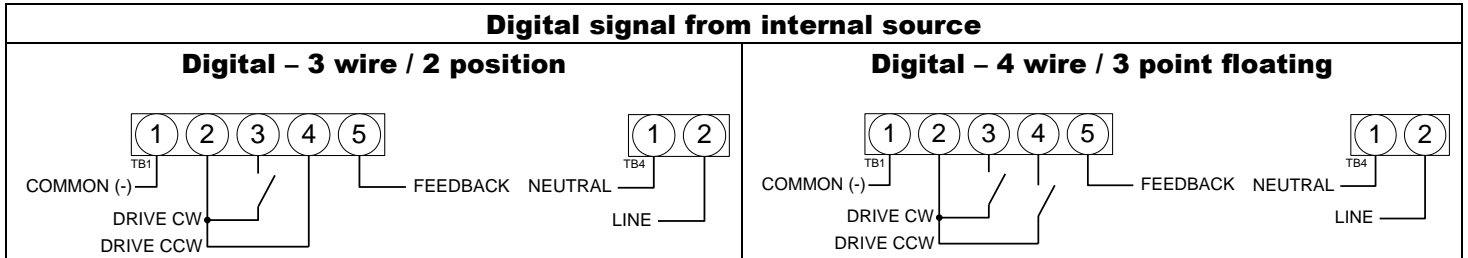
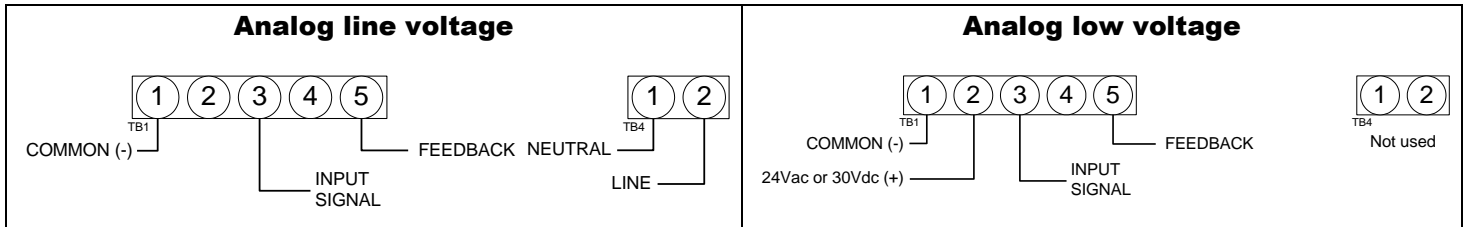
We strongly recommend that all neptronic® products be wired to a separate transformer and that transformer shall service only neptronic® products. This precaution will prevent interference with, and/or possible damage to incompatible equipment. When multiple actuators are wired on a single transformer, polarity must be observed. Long wiring runs create voltage drop which may affect the actuator performance.



Exploded view



Wiring Diagrams



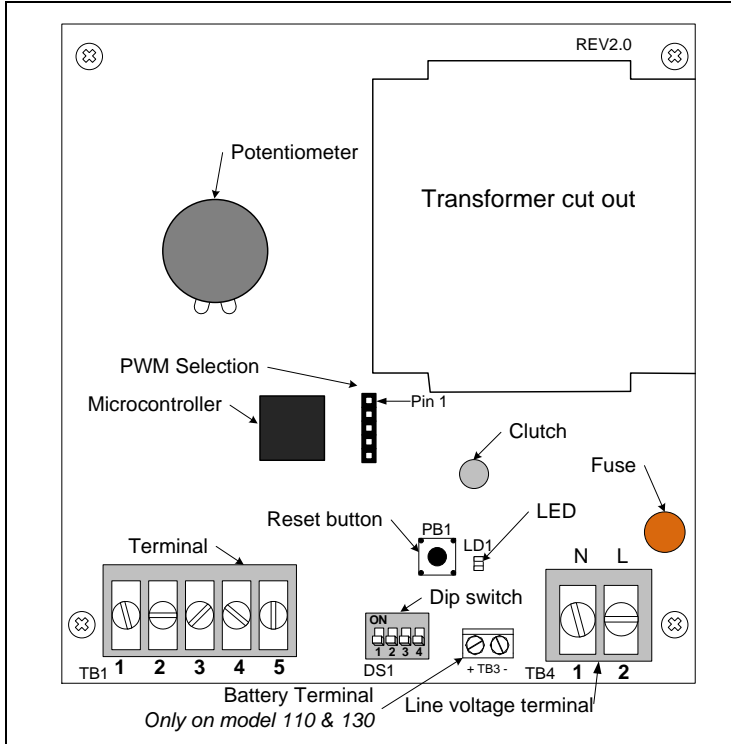
Special consideration for Digital control

In this mode, the actuator is sensitive to induced electrical voltages **from external sources**. To prevent such interference, if the signal on pins 4 and 3 on TB1 are from an **external 24 Vac source**, install a resistor 2.2kOhm, 0.5W between pins 4 and 1 and another 2.2kOhms, 0.5W between pins 3 and 1 of TB1. These resistors are included.

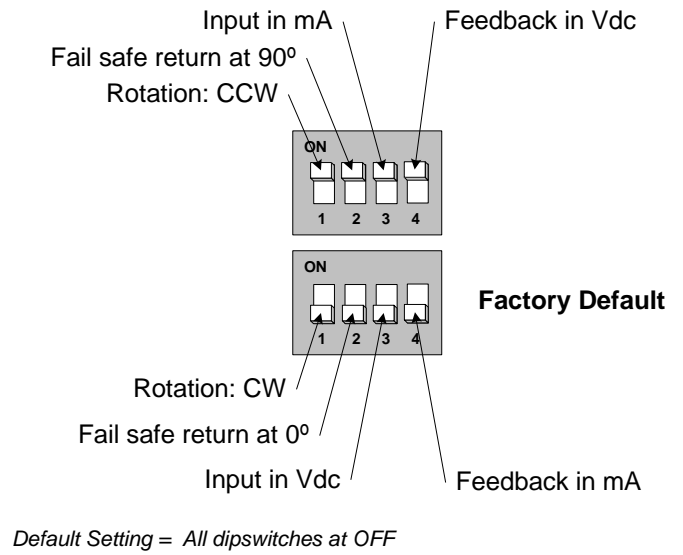
Input Signal and Feedback setup

	Input Signal	Feedback
Analog Mode	Input Signal is set with Dipswitch # 3 DS1-3 at OFF = 2 – 10Vdc (default setting) DS1-3 at ON = 4 – 20mA	Feedback is set with Dipswitch #4 DS1-4 at OFF = 4 – 20mA (default setting) DS1-4 at ON = 2 – 10Vdc
Digital Mode	No Input Signal Setting DS1-3 MUST be at OFF	

PC Board



Dip switch settings



Stroke adjustment – No control signal change

1. Apply power and, **wait for at least 10 seconds.**
2. Press and release the reset button to start the auto-stroke process. The LED should be illuminated.
 - First option:
The actuator will then travel in both directions to find its limit and position itself according to the demand. The LED will extinguish, the process is complete.
 - Second option:
When the desired end position is reached, press and release the reset button. The actuator will now return back to its original position. (you can also press and release the reset button when it reaches the original position) The LED will extinguish, the process is complete.

Programming – Change of control signal & PWM pulse setting

1. Remove power and put all dip switches "OFF". (factory preset).
2. Apply power and, **within 10 seconds**, press and release the reset button. The LED should be blinking.
3. Select the control signal with dip switches:

	Digital or Analog Modes	PWM Mode
Move switch No1 "ON" and then "OFF".	Digital (On/Off or 3 point floating)	5 sec. pulse (factory preset)
Move switch No2 "ON" and then "OFF".	Analog (Default)	25 sec. pulse

1. **Stroke adjustment**
see the stroke adjustment section above.

Enabling or disabling PWM mode

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove power supply to actuator 2. Install jumper between pin 3 & 4 of J5 3. Select the desired action using the dipswitches (DS1): <table border="1" style="margin: 5px auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px;">DS1-1</th> <th style="padding: 2px;">DS1-2</th> <th style="padding: 2px;">Action</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">OFF</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">ON</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Enable PWM Mode</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">ON</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">OFF</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Disable PWM Mode</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> 4. Re-apply power supply to actuator 5. Wait 5 seconds 6. Remove power supply to actuator 7. Remove jumper between pin 3 & 4 of J5, re-install it between pin 4 & 5. 8. Re-apply power supply to actuator <i>PWM is factory preset at 5 sec. pulse, refer to programming section above to change pulse setting.</i> 	DS1-1	DS1-2	Action	OFF	ON	Enable PWM Mode	ON	OFF	Disable PWM Mode	<div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;">J5</div> <div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;">Pin 1 </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;">Pin 2 </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;">Pin 3 </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;">Pin 4 </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;">Pin 5 </div> </div> <p style="font-size: small; margin-top: 10px;"><i>When not used for programming, jumper is placed between pin 4 & 5</i></p> </div>
DS1-1	DS1-2	Action								
OFF	ON	Enable PWM Mode								
ON	OFF	Disable PWM Mode								

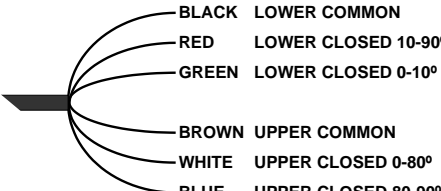
Zero and span calibration

This feature is applicable to analog control signal only.

1. Remove power and put all dip switches "OFF". (factory preset).
2. Apply power and, **within 10 seconds** press and **hold** the reset button until the LED blinks. The Zero and span calibration process then start.
3. Release the reset button. The LED is now constantly illuminated.
4. Apply new minimum voltage.
It can be any value between 0 to 7 VDC, with an external 0 to 10 volt supply (ex: MEP).
5. Press and release the reset button to memorize the new minimum voltage. The LED blinks.
6. Apply new maximum voltage.
It can be any value between 3 to 10 VDC, this value should be greater than the new minimum value.
7. Press and release the reset button to memorize the new maximum voltage. The LED blinks. The Zero and span calibration process is complete.

Note: To reset zero and span to 2 to 10 VDC (factory value). You just have to re-select the analog control signal mode, see Programming.

Wiring Diagrams for auxiliary switches (on model 120 & 130)

	<p>Auxiliary switch rating: 5 Amp resistive, 250 Vac</p>
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